

PRESTORMINGTM 2021
TEST 8 - INDIAN HISTORY- II

38. Which of the following events was/were associated with the Khilafat-Non-cooperation movement launched by Mahatma Gandhi?

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. No-tax movement in Bengal. | 2. Sikh agitation for removal of corrupt mahants. |
| 3. Anti-chowkidari tax campaign in Bihar. | 4. Mapilla revolt in Malabar. |
| 5. Strikes in tea plantations of Assam. | |

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- a) 1, 2, 3 and 4 only b) 1, 2, 4 and 5 only c) 1, 4 and 5 only d) 3, 4 and 5 only

39. With reference to differences between Swarajists and No changers, consider the following statements:

1. The main bone of contention between the two groups was over the issue of elections to legislative councils.
2. Swarajists wanted to use the councils as the organs for the gradual transformation of colonial rule.
3. Gandhiji was strictly against the proposals of pro-changers.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 only b) 1 and 2 only c) 2 and 3 only d) 1, 2 and 3

40. Which of the following leaders resigned from the Central Legislative Council to register their protests against the Rowlatt Act?

- | | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| 1. Madan Mohan Malviya | 2. Sachidanand Sinha |
| 3. Mohammad Ali Jinnah | 4. Abul Kalam Azad |

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- a) 1 and 2 only b) 2 and 3 only c) 1 and 3 only d) 1 and 4 only

41. Consider the following pairs:

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Newspapers | Publisher |
| 1. Bande Matram - | Annie Besant |
| 2. National Herald - | J.L Nehru |
| 3. Hindu Patriot - | Girshchandra Ghosh |
| 4. Labour Kisan Gazette - | Muzaffar Ahmed |

Which of the pairs given above are correctly matched?

- a) 1 and 2 only b) 2 and 3 only c) 1 and 3 only d) 3 and 4 only

42. Which of the following statements are correct about the Lahore session of Congress held in 1929?

1. Jawaharlal Nehru was nominated the President of the Lahore session due to the efforts of Mahatma Gandhi.
2. The Delhi pact was formally accepted by the congress in this session.
3. It was decided to boycott the round table conference.
4. The first all India youth congress came into being during this session.

Select the correct answer using the code given below.

- a) 1, 2 and 4 only b) 1, 2 and 3 only c) 3 and 4 only d) 1 and 3 only

43. "He is known for his great contributions to the cause of depressed peasant-farmers during British rule, to the Indian freedom movement, and Indian society as a whole. The Kisan Sabha movement started in Bihar under his leadership. He also organised the Bakasht Movement against the eviction of tenants from Bakasht lands by zamindars and led to the passing of the Bihar Tenancy Act and the Bakasht Land Tax. He was elected as the first president of the All India Kisan Sabha formed in 1936."

Identify the personality from the above-given information:

- a) Swami Sahjanand b) N.G Ranga c) Ram Manohar Lohia d) Acharya Narendra Dev

44. Consider the following passage:

"It was established in 1899. It is an intergovernmental organisation providing a variety of dispute resolution services for the international community. It is not a court in the true sense of the term. It has a three-part organisational structure consisting of an Administrative Council, Members of Court and Secretary-General. It is headquartered in Hague, Netherlands. India is a member of this organisation."

Which one of the following organisation is described by the passage given above?

- a) Permanent Court of arbitration b) United Nations General Assembly
c) The International Court of Justice d) International Criminal Court

45. With reference to Public-Private Partnership Models in India, consider the following statements:

"Under this model, the government provides 40% of the project cost in the first five years. The remaining payment is based on the asset creation and performance of the project. The Indian government is utilising this module heavily for National Highway Authority of India projects."

The above lines refer to which one of the following investment models in India?

- a) Build, Operate and Transfer model b) Engineering, Procurement and Construction model
c) Hybrid Annuity model d) None of the above