

Q.7) With respect to the efforts made by Gandhi during the struggle in South Africa, consider the following statements:

1. In order to unite different sections of Indians, he set up the Natal Indian Congress and started a paper Young India.
2. Unlike moderates in India, Gandhi used the method of passive resistance to fight against the oppressive regime from the beginning to end.
3. Gandhi established the Passive Resistance Association to create resistance against the Asiatic Registration Act.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 2 only
- b) 3 only
- c) 1 and 3 only
- d) 1 and 2 only

Q.8) In the context of Modern History, the term Tolstoy Farm is associated with which of the following?

- a) House for the families of the Satyagrahis in South Africa
- b) Indigenous textile enterprises setup during Swadeshi movement
- c) British residential apartments in princely states under subsidiary alliance system
- d) It was a student residence that existed between 1905 and 1910 at Cromwell Avenue in Highgate, North London

Q.9) The struggle at Kheda brought a new awakening among the peasantry. In this context, consider the following statements with reference to Kheda Satyagraha of 1918:

1. During this struggle, Gandhi asked the farmers not to pay the taxes and provided the necessary leadership to the farmers.
2. Gandhi and Patel welcomed the involvement of Indians from other provinces, seeking to make it a national level struggle.
3. Gujaratis, sympathetic to the revolt in other parts resisted the government machinery and helped to shelter the relatives and property of the protesting peasants.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 3 only
- d) 1 only

Q.10) After 1905, the Extremists acquired a dominant influence over the Swadeshi Movement in Bengal. What were the possible reasons for this?

1. The Moderate-led movement had failed to yield results.
2. The government had resorted to suppressive measures against the freedom fighters.
3. The extremists were backed by the British Bureaucracy.
4. The extremists managed to raise a huge amount of funds.

Choose the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) 1, 2, and 3 only
- b) 4 and 5 only
- c) 3 and 5 only
- d) 1 and 2 only

Q.11) Who among the following said “God has not conferred upon the foreigners the grant inscribed on a copper plate of the kingdom of Hindustan... Do not circumscribe your vision like a frog in a well; get out of the Penal Code and enter the extremely high atmosphere of the Srimat Bhagvad Gita and consider the actions of great men”.

- a) Subhash Chandra Bose
- b) M.K. Gandhi
- c) Madanlal Dhingra
- d) B.G. Tilak

Q.12) Tipu has been regarded by some writers as the first Indian nationalist and a martyr for India's freedom. Consider the following statements With reference to Tipu Sultan:

1. Tipu Sultan could never pose a severe challenge to the English and was brutally suppressed from the beginning of his confrontation with the British.
2. The Treaty of Seringapatam was signed between English and Tipu Sultan.
3. Tipu wrote a military manual explaining the operation of rockets.
4. Because of constant rivalry with English, Tipu gave his support to the Russian soldiers at Seringapatam in setting up a Jacobin Club.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- a) 1 and 2 only
- b) 2 and 3 only
- c) 3 and 4 only
- d) 1 and 4 only

Q.13) Which of the following factors contributed to success of the British in India?

1. Extraordinary Military Competency
2. Stringent Discipline Regime