- For **<u>FP</u>** enterprises, it will be **<u>equity</u>**, **<u>debt</u>**, **<u>development impact bonds</u>**, and <u>**social venture funds**</u>.
- Corpus size of the fund → Minimum corpus size for such funds be <u>reduced from Rs 20 crore to Rs 5 crore</u> and the minimum subscription amount be reduced from Rs 1 crore to Rs. 2 lakh.
- The capacity building fund for SSE → It should have a <u>corpus of Rs 100 crore</u>. This fund should be <u>housed</u> <u>under Nabard</u>. Exchanges and other developmental agencies such as SIDBI should be asked to contribute towards this fund.
- List of broad activities based on those identified by Niti Aayog under sustainable development goals that SEs can engage in → These include <u>eradicating hunger</u>, <u>poverty malnutrition and inequality</u>; <u>promoting gender equality by empowerment of women</u> and <u>LGBTQIA+ communities</u>; training to promote rural sports; and slum area development, affordable housing.

7. National Financial Reporting Authority

Why in News?

• National Financial Reporting Authority (NFRA) is in the process of creating a verified and accurate database of companies (Public Interest Entities) and auditors that come under the regulatory ambit of it.

About

- It is an <u>audit regulator</u> constituted in <u>2018</u> by the Government of India under <u>section 132(1) of the</u> <u>Companies Act, 2013</u>.
- Composition → The regulator will have <u>15 members</u> including a chairperson, three full-time members and others as part-time members.
- Functions and Duties →
 - **Recommend accounting and auditing policies and standards** to be adopted by companies for approval by the Central Government;
 - **Monitor and enforce compliance** with accounting standards and auditing standards;
 - **Oversee the quality of service** of the professions associated with ensuring compliance with such standards and suggest measures for improvement in the quality of service.
- Powers → It can undertake **investigation and impose penalties** related to the following class of companies and bodies corporate namely:
 - Companies whose securities are **<u>listed on any stock exchange</u>** in India or outside India.
 - Unlisted public companies having **paid-up capital of not less than Rs. 500 crores** or having **annual turnover** of **not less than Rs. 1,000 crores**.
 - **Insurance companies**, **banking companies** and companies engaged in the generation or supply of electricity.
- Its account is **monitored by** the **Comptroller and Auditor-General of India**.
- Headquartered \rightarrow <u>New Delhi</u>.

8. Credit Rating

Why in News?

• Recently, the S&P Global Ratings has said that India's credit rating would be retained at the current level (BBB-) for the next two years.