



regulatory framework | the basis of 4 pillars a) Policy b) Business Ecosystem c) Export Ecosystem and d) Export Performance | the 11 sub-pillars: Export Promotion Policy; Institutional Framework; Business Environment; Infrastructure; Transport Connectivity; Access to Finance; Export Infrastructure; Trade Support; R&D Infrastructure; Export Diversification; and Growth Orientation. | Gujarat has topped the index followed by Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu. The other States that have made it to the top 10 include Rajasthan, Odisha, Telangana, Haryana, Chhattisgarh, Karnataka and Kerala | Coastal States → Gujarat emerged as the top-performing state followed by Maharashtra and Tamil Nadu. Landlocked States → Rajasthan has performed the best followed by Telangana and Haryana. | Himalayan states → Uttarakhand is the highest followed by Tripura and Himachal Pradesh. | Union Territories → Delhi has performed the best followed by Goa and Chandigarh

- **28. Contingency Fund (CF) of the central bank** | specific provision meant for meeting unexpected and unforeseen contingencies | Depreciation in the value of securities, | Risks arising out of monetary/exchange rate policy operations | Systemic risks and any risk arising on account of the special responsibilities enjoined upon the Reserve Bank. | the central government receive money from the RBI? | Section 47 of the RBI Act, profits or surplus of the RBI are to be transferred to the government, after making various contingency provisions, public policy mandate of the RBI, including financial stability considerations | The RBI's transfer this year is as per the economic capital framework (ECF) adopted by the RBI board last year
- **29. Chunauti Contest** | aims to further boost startups and software products with special focus on Tier-II towns in the country. | identify around three hundred startups working in specified areas and providing them seed funds of up to 25 lakh rupees and other facilities | The areas identified potential: Edu Tech, Agri Tech, Fintech solutions for masses, Supply Chain and Logistic management, Infrastructure, Medical Healthcare as well as jobs and skilling|
- **30. NATIONAL LAND MANAGEMENT CORPORATION** | government is planning to set up a National Land Management Corporation (NLMC) to facilitate monetizing state-owned surplus land assets in a systematic and specialised way | government panel on boosting infrastructure investment had recommended setting up a National Land Management Corporation | Surplus' land or property are those that are not needed or are not appropriate for provision of public service for which the agency owning the property is responsible |
- **Key Responsibilities of NLMC would be:** Development/co-development of land belonging to Central government ministries or CPSEs etc. | Maintaining an inventory of public land. |Developing model concession agreements for land developments. |Raising money from the market backed by land assets. | Legal management of litigation/encumbrances relating to land. | Resettlement and rehabilitation/eviction of occupiers. | Functions related to change of land usage and revenue management
- **31. MODEL CONCESSION AGREEMENT FOR BOT MODEL** | BOT toll model accounted for almost 96% of NHAI's all project awards in 2011-12, which came down almost to zero in the last two fiscals | This has forced NHAI to shift to Engineering Procurement and Construction (EPC) and Hybrid Annuity Model (HAM). | **Key features** : Revised revenue assessment | Land acquisition | Dispute resolution board (DRB)
- **32. BUNDLING SCHEME FOR ROUND-THE-CLOCK (RTC) POWER SUPPLY** | a plan to sell renewable energy (RE) and thermal power in a bundle so that end users can get