

35. Which of the following reforms/initiatives were introduced through the Indian Council Act, 1861?

1. Taking away legislative powers of Bombay and Madras.
2. Associated Indians in Law making procedure.
3. Viceroy could introduce ordinances during Emergency.
4. Portfolio system was introduced.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1, 2 and 4 only
- (b) 1 and 3 only
- (c) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

36. With reference to women in Indian freedom struggle, consider the following statements:

1. Aruna Asaf Ali edited 'Inquilab' a monthly journal of the Indian National Congress.
2. Kalpana Dutta was a woman revolutionary leader who was influenced by the revolutionary ideas of Bhagat Singh and Chandrashekhar Azad.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

37. With reference to the Young Bengal Movement that emerged in the early 19th century, consider the following statements:

1. They advocated the rational thinking, liberty, equality and freedom

2. Oriental ways of life and thought appeared to them superstitious and unacceptable

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

38. With reference to the Faraizi movement, consider the following statements:

1. The founder of this movement was Ahmed Faraz in early 19th century.
2. The movement involved a liberal and rational interpretation of Islamic teachings.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

39. With reference to social reformer Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar, consider the following statements:

1. He opened the Sanskrit College to non-brahmins.
2. He started a movement against polygamy which resulted in illegalization of polygamy.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2