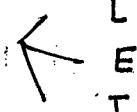


+ II. Separation of Power:

Basic Advantages:

- (1) It preserves the democracy and rights of people.
- (2) It promotes division of labour & specialisation.
- (3) It facilitates constructive debates leading to better decision.
- It helps in institutionalisation of checks and balance.

Separation of Power 

Exceptions :

- 1) Parliamentary system of govt.
- 2) Deligated legislation
- 3) Administrative Adjudication
- 4) Judge made laws
- 5) Parliaments - judicial function
- 6) Parliaments executive fun"
- 7) Independent regulatory bodies combining 3 powers
- 8) ordinance making power
- 9) Article 372.

The recombination of 3 powers in executive is often characterised as revivalism of past yet it is required for exigencies of modern administration i.e.

speed  
specialisation.