

D. Neither 1 nor 2

### 16. Passage 3

The key, therefore, would be to leverage existing resources effectively, educational institutions and resources being probably the most important. In terms of school education, a shift towards privatisation and poor learning outcomes poses challenges for deepening social justice. A social segmentation in the school education is likely to feed into the uneven quality of higher educational institutions, and what seems to be a potential segmentation of access in terms of caste, class and gender.

### Q. Which of the following is best implied by the passage?

- A. Resource efficiency is the much needed principle for school education today
- B. NGOs role in education sector has not been encouraging
- C. Broad-basing of education and resultant opportunities in the modern sectors was the core pillar of social justice
- D. Education can alone create social democracy

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Q. On the basis of above passage, following assumptions have been made:

- 1. Effective governance of education needs to address emerging imbalances
- 2. Politics of welfare shall ensure caste inequalities are eradicated

# $\circ\,$ Which of the above assumptions is/are valid?

- A. 1 only
- B. 2 only
- C. Both 1 & 2
- D. Neither 1 nor 2

# 18. Passage 4

Misplaced sense of morality is possibly one of the strongest Indian traits and its influence on Indian society, popular culture and even marketing is undeniable. From sex education at school to reality show formats, we have a strong moral point of view on everything. We can ignore information, we can ignore observation we can even ignore objectivity. But we mostly succumb to the social code of morality and try to justify every action from that point of view. The concept of morality always has an undertone of either religion or politics. Indian society is fundamentally governed by an overdose of religion and politics and, hence, morality is always the default force. At this point it may be worthwhile to differentiate between morality and ethics. In the world of business they have different connotations. Ethics are often absolute and well defined and can be used as a true differentiator for a brand. Ethical brands are often true to their social, economic and environmental responsibilities. And many consumers buy into the principle and consumption of the brand is often.

Q. The crux of the passage is best implied by,