

## TEST - 24 (IPM 2021)

- 20. To protect the interest of states under the Constitution, which of the following bills can be introduced in the Parliament only on the recommendation of the President?**
1. A bill which imposes or varies any tax or duty in which states are interested.
  2. A bill which affects the principles on which moneys are or may be distributable to states.
  3. A bill which imposes any surcharge on any specified tax or duty for the purpose of the Centre.
- Which of the statements given above are correct?
- A. 1 and 2 only      B. 2 and 3 only      C. 1 and 3 only      D. 1, 2 and 3
- 21. Who among the following is the chairman of Standing Committee of the Inter-State Council?**
- A. Prime minister      B. Chief minister of a state in rotation  
C. Union Home Minister      D. Cabinet Secretary
- 22. Which of the following factors have been taken into account to form zones in Zonal council?**
1. The natural divisions of the country
  2. The river systems and means of communication
  3. The cultural and linguistic affinity
  4. The requirements of economic development
  5. The security and law and order
- Select the correct answer using the code given below:
- A. 1, 2 and 4 only      B. 2, 3 and 4 only      C. 2, 3 and 5 only      D. 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5
- 23. Consider the following statements regarding National emergency**
1. The proclamation of Emergency must be approved by Parliament within two months.
  2. The emergency, once approved by the Parliament, could remain in operation as long as the Executive (cabinet) desired.
  3. The resolution approving the proclamation of emergency must be passed by Parliament by a special majority.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- A. 1 only      B. 2 and 3 only      C. 3 only      D. 1, 2 and 3
- 24. The President of India is entitled to which of the following privileges and immunities?**
1. He enjoys personal immunity from legal liability for his official acts.
  2. During his term of office, he is immune from any criminal proceedings, except those of his personal acts.
  3. He cannot be arrested or imprisoned.
- Which of the statements given above are correct?
- A. 1 and 2 only      B. 2 and 3 only      C. 1 and 3 only      D. 1, 2 and 3
- 25. Consider the following statements regarding veto power of Indian President**
1. When Absolute Veto is exercised by President, the bill ends and does not become an act.
  2. The President possess Suspensive Veto in the case of money bills.
  3. The President has no veto power in respect of a constitutional amendment bill.
- Which of the statements given above are correct?
- A. 1 and 2 only      B. 2 and 3 only      C. 1 and 3 only      D. 1, 2 and 3
- 26. Consider the following statements regarding Prime Minister**
1. Under the Indian Constitution, the term of the Prime Minister is five years and holds office during the pleasure of the president.
  2. Prime Minister gets the salary and allowances that are payable to a member of Parliament.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- A. 1 only      B. 2 only      C. Both 1 and 2      D. Neither 1 nor 2
- 27. Which of the following statements are related to Council of Ministers**
1. Article 74 deals with the appointment, tenure, responsibility, qualification, oath and salaries and allowances of the ministers.
  2. The total number of ministers, excluding the Prime Minister, in the Council of Ministers shall not exceed 15% of the total strength of the Lok Sabha.
  3. A minister who is not a member of the Parliament (either house) for any period of six consecutive months shall cease to be a minister.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- A. 1 only      B. 2 and 3 only      C. 3 only      D. 1, 2 and 3
- 28. Consider the following statements regarding Rajya Sabha**
1. The Constitution has fixed six years the term of office of members of the Rajya Sabha.
  2. The Rajya Sabha was first constituted in 1950.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- A. 1 only      B. 2 only      C. Both 1 and 2      D. Neither 1 nor 2
- 29. Who among the following has been provided with statutory recognition?**
- A. Leader of the House of Parliament      B. Leader of the Opposition  
C. Whip      D. None of the above