

the protection of cultivated plants to the protection of natural flora and plant products. It also takes into consideration both direct and indirect damage by pests, so it includes weeds.

The Convention is recognized by the World Trade Organization's (WTO) Agreement on the Application of Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures (the SPS Agreement) as the only international standard setting body for plant health.

While the IPPC's primary focus is on plants and plant products moving in international trade, the Convention also covers research materials, biological control organisms, germplasm banks, containment facilities, food aid, emergency aid and anything else that can act as a vector for the spread of plant pests – for example, containers, packaging materials, soil, vehicles, vessels and machinery.

Source

17) Arrange the following National Park and Wildlife Sanctuaries of India from South to North.

1. Dudhwa
2. Bandhavgarh
3. Keibul Lamjao
4. Simlipal

Select the correct answer code:

- a) 4231
- b) 3142
- c) 4213
- d) 1243

Solution: a)

The Dudhwa National Park is a national park in the Terai belt of marshy grasslands of northern Uttar Pradesh.

Bandhavgarh National Park is one of the national parks of India, located in the Umaria district of Madhya Pradesh.

The Keibul Lamjao National Park is a national park in the Bishnupur district of the state of Manipur.

Simlipal National Park is a national park and a tiger reserve in the Mayurbhanj district in the Indian state of Odisha.