

IPB 2.0 PRELIMS TEST - 15 (SOLUTION)
(IPM 2021)

73. Correct Answer : A

Answer Justification :

Diwan Velu Thampi's Revolt (1808-1809)

The East India Company's harsh conditions imposed on the state of Travancore, after both of them agreed to a subsidiary alliance arrangement under Wellesley in 1805, caused deep resentment in the region. The ruler was not able to pay the subsidy and fell in arrears. The British resident of Travancore was meddling in the internal affairs of the state. The highhanded attitude of the Company compelled Prime Minister (or Dalawa) Velu Thampi to rise against the Company, assisted by the Nair troops. **Velu Thampi addressed a gathering in Kundara, openly calling for taking up arms against the British to oust them from the native soil. This was later known as the Kundara Proclamation.** There was large scale rebellion against the British as a result. A large military operation had to be undertaken to restore peace. The Maharaja of Travancore had not wholly supported the rebellion and defected to the side of the Company. Velu Thampi killed himself to avoid capture. The rebellion petered out.

74. Correct Answer : D

Answer Justification :

Both the statements are not correct.

Zamindari System was **introduced by Cornwallis in 1793** through Permanent Settlement Act. It was **introduced in provinces of Bengal, Bihar, Orissa and Varanasi.**

Zamindars were recognized as owner of the lands. Zamindars were given the rights to collect the rent from the peasants. The realized amount would be divided into 11 parts. 1/11 of the share belongs to Zamindars and 10/11 of the share belongs to East India Company

Ryotwari System was **introduced by Thomas Munro** in 1820. Major areas of **introduction include Madras, Bombay, parts of Assam and Coorg** provinces of British India. In Ryotwari System the ownership rights were handed over to the peasants. British Government collected taxes directly from the peasants.

75. Correct Answer : C

Answer Justification :

The Great Trigonometrical Survey was a project which aimed to measure the entire Indian subcontinent with scientific precision. It was begun in 1802 by the **infantry officer William Lambton**, under the auspices of the East India Company. Under the leadership of his successor, George Everest, the project was made a responsibility of the Survey of India.

Hence, **option (c) is correct.**

76. Correct Answer : A

Answer Justification :

The Preamble in its present form reads:

“We, THE PEOPLE OF INDIA, having solemnly resolved to constitute

India into a **SOVEREIGN SOCIALIST SECULAR DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC** and to secure to all its citizens:

JUSTICE, Social, Economic and Political;

LIBERTY of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship;

EQUALITY of status and of opportunity; and to promote among them all;

FRATERNITY assuring the dignity of the individual and the unity and integrity of the Nation;

IN OUR CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY this twenty-sixth day of

November, 1949, do HEREBY ADOPT, ENACT AND GIVE TO

OURSELVES THIS CONSTITUTION”.