

Mock Test 15

83 The climatic or soil condition beneficial to the growth of both Rice and Wheat is?

- A. High rainfall and a soil that can retain water B. Moderate temperatures and a soil that is well-drained
C. Low rainfall and a sandy loam soil D. None of the above

84 The South-Western Plateau Region is known for the deposits of which of the following minerals?

1. Ferrous metals 2. Bauxite 3. Coal 4. Kyanite

Select the correct answer using the codes below.

- A. 3 and 4 only B. 1 and 2 only C. 1, 3 and 4 only D. 1, 2, 3 and 4

85 Consider the following statements.

1. He was the Governor General of Bengal when the Permanent Settlement was introduced there in 1793.
2. He defeated Tipu Sultan in third Anglo-Mysore war and signed Treaty of Srirangpatanam.
3. He introduced administrative and police reforms in colonial India.
4. He declared the practice of Slavery to be illegal.

The above refers to?

- A. Charles Cornwallis B. Cole Mckenzie C. Warren Hastings D. Dalhousie

86 With reference to the position of the Prime Minister in the Indian government, consider the following.

1. Only after the Prime Minister has taken the oath of office, the Council of Ministers comes into existence.
2. The resignation of the Prime Minister automatically brings about the dissolution of the Council of Ministers.

Which of the above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only B. 2 only C. Both 1 and 2 D. None

87 Turbidity currents in Oceans can be caused by

1. Earthquakes 2. Strong coastline action of waves

Which of the above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only B. 2 only C. Both 1 and 2 D. None

88 CAATSA was in news recently due to which of the following issues?

- A. Imposing sanctions on Iran, Iraq and Afghanistan
B. Warning sanctions under the India-Russia deal of S-400 'Triumf' missile systems
C. Both (a) and (b)
D. None

89 The states are given representation in the Rajya Sabha on the basis of

- A. Political conventions
B. Number of representatives appointed to the Central government from the State
C. Population size
D. Geographical area

90 Consider the following statements.

1. The Parliament can not only make territorial laws within India but also 'extra-territorial laws' that are applicable to Indian citizens throughout the world.
2. A state legislature can make laws for the entire state and in some cases for territories covering all of India where there is substantial public interest involved.

Which of the above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only B. 2 only C. Both 1 and 2 D. None

91 The states that do NOT have any operating Nuclear reactors are

1. Kerala 2. Gujarat 3. Odisha 4. Maharashtra

Select the correct answer using the codes below.

- A. 1, 2 and 3 only B. 1 and 3 only C. 4 only D. 3 and 4 only

92 The Constitution empowers the Parliament to make laws on any matter enumerated in the State List under which of the following extraordinary circumstances?

1. On a special reference made by the President of India
2. Resolution passed by Rajya Sabha to this effect
3. During a Financial emergency

Select the correct answer using the codes below.

- A. 1 and 2 only B. 2 and 3 only C. 1 and 3 only D. 2 only