

## IPB 2.0 PRELIMS TEST - 8

(IPM 2021)

**63. Consider the following statements regarding Project Monitoring Group**

1. It is an institutional mechanism for resolving a variety of issues including fast-tracking of approvals for setting up an expeditious commissioning of large Public, Private and Public-Private Partnership (PPP) projects.
2. Project Monitoring Group was set up in 2016.
3. PMG is presently functioning under the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances and Pensions.

Which of the statement given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only                      B. 2 and 3 only                      C. 1 and 3 only                      D. 1, 2 and 3 only

**64. Which of the following is/are the legal requirements to register trademark in India?**

1. It should be capable of distinguishing the goods or services of one undertaking from those of others
2. The selected mark should be capable of being represented graphically

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only                      B. 2 only                      C. Both 1 and 2                      D. Neither 1 nor 2

**65. Consider the following statements regarding Intellectual Property Appellate Board (IPAB)**

1. It was constituted to hear and resolve the appeals against the decisions of the registrar under the Indian Trademarks Act, 1999.
2. Each Bench of the IPAB includes a Judicial Member and a Technical Member.
3. The qualifications for appointment as a technical member of the IPAB are mentioned in Companies Act, 1956.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 only                      B. 1, 2 and 3                      C. 2 only                      D. 1 and 2 only

**66. Consider the following statements regarding Invest India**

1. It is a non-profit venture under the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade, Ministry of Commerce and Industry.
2. It is the National Investment Promotion and Facilitation Agency of India and act as the first point of reference for investors in India.
3. The current shareholding pattern is 49 % of Industry Associations and the remaining 51% of Central and State Governments.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only                      B. 2 only                      C. 1 and 3 only                      D. 1, 2 and 3

**67. Agreement on Reciprocal Logistics Support (ARLS), sometimes seen in the news, is a defence agreement between which of the following countries?**

- A. India and United States    B. India and Japan                      C. India and Russia                      D. India and France

**68. Which of the following is/are considered as minor minerals in India?**

1. Stones used for making household utensils
2. Bentonite
3. Shale when used for building material
4. Mica

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- A. 1, 2 and 3 only                      B. 2, 3 and 4 only                      C. 1, 2 and 4 only                      D. 1, 2, 3 and 4

**69. Consider the following statements regarding Regional Rural Banks (RRBs)**

1. They are financial institutions that ensure adequate credit for agriculture and other rural sectors.
2. Regional Rural Banks were set up on the basis of the recommendations of the Narasimham Working Group (1975).
3. The equity of a regional rural bank is held by the Central Government and State Government on 50:50 ratio basis.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only                      B. 2 and 3 only                      C. 1 only                      D. 1, 2 and 3

**70. Consider the following statements**

1. Around 95 per cent of India's trade by volume and 68 per cent in terms of value are transported by sea.
2. India's shipping tonnage was only 1.92 lakh Gross Tonnage (GT) on the eve of independence
3. India's share in total world deadweight tonnage (DWT) is only 0.9 per cent.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- A. 1 and 2 only                      B. 2 and 3 only                      C. 1, 2 and 3                      D. None

**71. Which of the following are the quantitative methods of credit control in India?**

1. Liquidity Adjustment Facility (LAF)
2. Open market operations
3. Rationing Credit.
4. Regulation of consumer credit.

Select the correct answer using the code given below

- A. 1 and 2 only                      B. 2 and 3 only                      C. 3 and 4 only                      D. 1 and 4 only