

IASBABA TEST 30 MODERN HISTORY

61. Consider the following statements regarding role of women leaders in national freedom struggle

1. Sarojini Naidu led the raid on Dharasana salt works during civil disobedience movement following Gandhiji's arrest.
2. Kalpana Dutta was involved in shooting Bengal governor.
3. Usha Mehta ran an underground radio station as a part of awareness generation among the masses.

Choose the correct statements using the codes given below

- a) 1 and 2 only b) 2 and 3 only c) 1 and 3 only d) All of the above

62. Which of the following differences between Mahatma Gandhi and Subhash Chandra Bose are correct?

Mahatma Gandhi

1. Gandhi had a conservative outlook.
2. Gandhi was an anti-fascist
3. Gandhi believed in Truce-Struggle-
Truce model of passive resistance.

Subhash Chandra Bose

- Bose had a radical socialist outlook.
- Bose was a supporter of Fascism.
- Bose believed in taking foreign support
and take up arms to uproot British rule in India.

Choose the correct answer using the codes given below

- a) All of the above b) 1 and 2 only c) 2 and 3 only d) 1 and 3 only

63. Which of the following personalities were *not* influenced by Mahatma Gandhi's thinking?

1. Leo Tolstoy 2. Mao Zedong 3. Nelson Mandela 4. Martin Luther King Jr.

Choose the correct answer using the codes given below

- a) 1 and 2 only b) 2 and 3 only c) 3 and 4 only d) None of the above

64. Which of the following communities had separate electorates after the Indian Councils Act of 1919?

1. Sikhs 2. Muslims 3. Anglo-Indians 4. Indian Christians 5. Scheduled castes

Choose the correct answer using the codes given below

- a) 1, 3 and 4 only b) 1, 3, 4 and 5 only c) 1, 2, 3 and 4 only d) All of the above

65. Which of the following was *not* an outcome of the Non-Cooperation Movement (NCM)?

- a) Pan India spread of nationalism
- b) Hindu-Muslim unity
- c) National struggle adopted completely non-violent methods
- d) People got the first hand experience of satyagraha

66. In 1928, large section of population came on streets to protest the arrival of the Simon commission. What was the reason behind this protest?

- a) India wanted complete independence, hence opposed any British officer reviewing the Indian situation.
- b) Simon was involved various anti-India committees in the Britain.
- c) Simon commission ignored the flaws inherent in the Montagu-Chelmsford reforms.
- d) Simon commission did not have a single Indian representative.

67. Which of the following were a part of the Nehru Report recommendations?

1. Reserved seats for Muslims only where they are in a minority position.
2. It rejected the concept of separate communal electorate system.
3. Formation of provinces/states based on the linguistic parameters.

Choose the correct statements using the codes given below

- a) 1 and 2 only b) 2 and 3 only c) 1 and 3 only d) All of the above

68. Consider the following statements

1. Delhi proposal of the Muslim League demanded one-third Muslim representation in the Central Legislative Assembly.
2. Hindu Mahasabha opposed Delhi Proposal's demand of reservation of seats for Muslims in Bengal and Punjab.

Which of the above statement/s is/are *incorrect* ?

- a) 1 only b) 2 only c) Both 1 and 2 d) Neither 1 nor 2

69. Which of the following were a part of Mohammad Ali Jinnah's fourteen points/demands?

1. Separate electorates
2. Full religious freedom to all communities.
3. Muslim representation in cabinet to be proportional to its population in the country.

Choose the correct answer using the codes given below

- a) 1 and 2 only b) 2 and 3 only c) 1 and 3 only d) None of the above