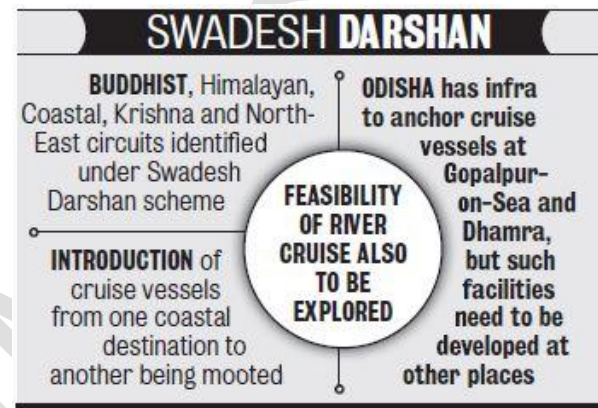


- a) FMC has no direct control over brokers.
 - b) Sebi has a far superior surveillance, risk-monitoring and enforcement mechanism
 - c) Sebi now also has the power to access call data records
 - d) Sebi may allow FII participation in commodities trading going forward, which would provide more depth to the markets,
 - e) Sebi may introduce option contracts (call and put options) in commodities trading
- 5) NSEL episode undermined the FMC

• Tourism

- 1) Swadesh Darshan scheme
 - a) Heritage Circuit in state of MP: covers Gwalior- Orchha- Khajuraho- Chanderi- Bhimbetka- Mandu, infrastructural development of the sites
 - b) Heritage Circuit in Uttarakhand : Infrastructure in Jageshwar- Devidhura- Katarmal- Baijnath sites
 - c) Coastal circuit in State of Tamil Nadu: development Chennai- Mamallapuram- Rameshwaram- Manpadu- Kanyakumari
 - d) Ramayana Circuit in State of Uttar Pradesh: Chitrakoot and Shringverpur.
 - e) North East circuit in State of Sikkim: development of eco log huts, cultural centre, paragliding centre,
- 2) Swadesh Darshan for Integrated Development of Tourist Circuits around Specific Themes.
 - a) 100% centrally funded
 - b) To leverage the CSR initiatives of CPSUs and corporate sector.
 - c) Funding of individual project will vary from state to state
 - d) A National Steering Committee (NSC) will be constituted to steer the mission objectives and vision.
 - e) Objectives: Integrated development of Infrastructure.
 - i) Provide complete tourism.
 - ii) Follow community-based development and pro-poor tourism approach.
 - iii) Creating awareness among the local communities in terms of increase in income, improved living.
 - iv) Promote local arts, culture, handicrafts, cuisine, etc to generate livelihoods in the identified regions.
 - v) Harness tourism potential for its direct and multiplier effects in employment generation
- 3) HRIDAY
 - a)
- 4) Under PRASAD, initially twelve cities have been identified namely Ajmer, Amritsar, Amravati, Dwarka, Gaya, Kedarnath, Kamakhya, Kanchipuram, Mathura, Puri, Varanasi and Velankann (KV-KKD-AAG-VAMP)
 - a) North East Circuit
 - b) Buddhist Circuit
 - c) Himalayan Circuit
 - d) Coastal Circuit
 - e) Krishna Circuit



• Competition act

- 1) 2002 act governs indian competition law
- 2) replaced the archaic Monopoly and Restrictive Trade Practices Act, 1969
- 3) CCI was established to prevent activities having an adverse effect on competition.