

32. Consider the following statements about Mahmud Ghazni:

1. He is considered as the Hero of Islam.
2. He made 17 raids to India.
3. His most daring raids were Kanauj and Somnath temple in Gujarat.

Select the correct option using the codes given below:

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

33. Consider the following statements regarding the Rajputs:

1. With the breakup of Rashtrakutas a number of Rajput states came into existence in North India.
2. They were champions of Hinduism and patronized only Brahmanas.
3. They were responsible for the climax period of temple building in North India

Select the correct option using the codes given below:

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) None of the above

34. Consider the following statements regarding the Turkish Conquest of North India:

1. After the Ghaznavid conquest of Punjab, Sufis arrived in India.
2. During this period Chauhans captured Delhi from Tomars.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

35. Consider the following statements regarding the battle of Tarain:

1. It was fought between Mahmud Ghazni and Prithviraja Chauhan.
2. Prithviraja lost but was allowed to rule over Ajmer.

Which of the above statements is/are *incorrect*?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

36. Consider the following statements regarding Causes of Defeat of the Rajputs:

1. The Rajputs were defeated in a short span of 15 years.
2. Growth of feudalism was the main reason for Rajputs' defeat.
3. Turks were strong because of Iqta and Khalisa system.

Select the correct option using the codes given below:

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

37. Consider the following statements:

1. Qutbuddin Aibak played an important role in the expansion of the Turkish Sultanate in India
2. The reign of Razia Sultan marked the beginning of a struggle for power between the monarchy and the Turkish chiefs, called as 'the forty' or the chahalgani.

Which of the above statements is/are correct regarding Delhi Sultanate?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

38. Which of the following statements is/are correct regarding the era of Balban?

1. With Balban's accession to the throne there began an era of strong, decentralized government
2. Balban constantly sought to increase the prestige and power of the monarchy
3. Balban was the one who finally broke the power of the chahalgani, i.e., the Turkish nobles