

- 21.** Which of the following rights falls under the category of Right to Equality?
- Abolition of untouchability
 - Prohibition of forced labour
 - Right to move the courts for issuance of writs
 - Both (a) and (b)
- 22.** Consider the following statement regarding Equality of Opportunity as enshrined in Indian Constitution:
1. It provides for equality of opportunity for all the residents in the country in matters of employment to any office under the State.
 2. Government can implement special schemes and measures for improving the conditions of certain sections of society.
- Which of the above statements is/are correct?
- 1 only
 - 2 only
 - Both 1 and 2
 - Neither 1 nor 2
- 23.** Which of the following statement is/are correct regarding Right to Freedom as mentioned under article 19-22?
1. No citizen can be denied his or her life except by procedure as laid down under the law.
 2. It protects freedom of speech and expression.
 3. It makes elementary education a Fundamental Right.
- Select the correct answer using the code given below:
- 1 and 3 only
 - 1 and 2 only
 - 2 only
 - 1, 2 and 3
- 24.** Which among the following statement is/are correct regarding protection offered under Article 22 if a person is arrested under ordinary law?
1. Right to be informed of the grounds of arrest.
 2. Right to consult and be defended by a legal practitioner.

3. Right to be produced before a magistrate within 24 hours including the journey time.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- 1 and 3 only
- 1 and 2 only
- 2 only
- 1, 2 and 3

- 25.** Which of the following articles falls under Right against exploitation?

1. Prohibition of forced labour
2. Prohibition of employment of children in hazardous jobs
3. Abolition of titles

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- 1 and 3 only
- 1 and 2 only
- 2 only
- 1, 2 and 3

- 26.** Indian Constitution ensures that persons accused of various offences would also get sufficient protection. Consider the following statements in this regard:

1. No person would be punished for the same offence more than once
2. No law shall declare any action as illegal from a backdate
3. A person shall be asked to give evidence against himself or herself to ensure a fair trial.

Which of the above statements regarding the rights of an accused person is/are correct?

- 1 only
- 1 and 2 only
- 2 and 3 only
- 1, 2 and 3

- 27.** Consider the following statements regarding Freedom of Religion as mentioned in Indian Constitution:

1. A person may choose any religion or may choose not to follow any religion.
2. The government can impose restrictions on the practice of freedom of religion.