

41. Correct option: (a)

Explanation:

- **Option (a) is correct:**

<i>List I</i>	<i>List II</i>
A. Bindusara	i. Amitraghat
B. Ashoka	ii. Devanampiya/ Piyadassi
C. Chandragupta Maurya	iii. Sandrocuttus
D. Chanakya	iv. Vishnugupta

42. Correct option: (c)

Explanation:

- **Option (c) is correct:**

<i>List I</i>	<i>List II</i>
A. Bindusara	iv. Joined Ajivika Sect
B. Ashoka	i. Propagated Buddhism to Ceylon
C. Chandragupta Maurya	ii. Converted to Jainism
D. Chanakya	iii. Great statesman

43. Correct option: (b)

Explanation:

Asoka

- **Statement 1 is incorrect:** Sunga Dynasty was established by Pushyamitra Sunga, in 185 BC. Pushyamitra Sunga was a Brahmin Commander-in-Chief of last Mauryan ruler called Brihadratha.
- Brihadratha was a weak ruler and his Senapati Pushyamitra Shunga while a parading the entire Mauryan army before Brihadratha to show him the strength of the army assassinated him and this was the end of the Mauryas. Pushyamitra Shunga founded the Shunga dynasty in around 185-183 BC. Capital of Shunga Dynasty Was Pataliputra and its major centers were Ujjain, Mathura, Saket, Sanchi, and Kapilvastu. Vidisha was capital of later Shunga rulers.
- **Statement 2 is correct:** The Junagarh Rock inscription of Rudradaman is considered as an early example of chaste Sanskrit, written in mid second century

AD. It mentions that one of Chandragupta Maurya's governors, Pushyagupta, was responsible for building a dam on Sudarshana Lake near Girnar in Kathiawar. From another inscription of Skandgupta we came to know that this very dam was repaired during his reign, almost 800 years after it was built.

- **Statement 3 is correct:** Seleucus' was took him as far as India, where, after two years of war (305–303 BC), he was defeated by the armies of the Maurya Empire and made peace by marrying his daughter to King Chandragupta, whereupon he was rewarded a considerable force of 500 war elephants.
- **Statement 4 is incorrect:** Asoka admitted that war was sometimes necessary, and never disbanded his army.

44. Correct Option: (b)

Explanation:

- **Option (b) is correct:**

<i>List I</i>	<i>List II</i>
A. Vatsayana	iii. Kamasutra
B. Agesilaus	i. Engineer
C. Vasumitra	iv. Philosopher
D. Charaka	ii. Medical Science

45. Correct Option: (a)

Explanation:

- **Statement 1 is correct:** Sunga Dynasty was established by Pushyamitra Sunga, in 185 BC. Pushyamitra Sunga was a Brahmin Commander-in-Chief of last Mauryan ruler called Brihadratha.
- Brihadratha was a weak ruler and his Senapati Pushyamitra Shunga while a parading the entire Mauryan army before Brihadratha to show him the strength of the army assassinated him and this was the end of the Mauryas. Pushyamitra Shunga founded the Shunga dynasty in around 185-183 BC. Capital of Shunga Dynasty Was Pataliputra and its major centers were Ujjain, Mathura, Saket, Sanchi, and Kapilvastu. Vidisha was capital of later Shunga rulers.
- **Statement 2 is incorrect:** Agnimitra, the second king of Shunga dynasty, succeeded his father Pushyamitra Shunga and