

Necessities and, but everywhere possibilities.

→ The Possibilist saw in the physical environment. A series of possibilities for human development but argued that the actual ways in which the development took place were related to culture of the people concerned. except perhaps in regions of extremes like deserts, tundra, equatorial high mountains.

→ These are distinct zones which are distributed symmetrically on each side of the equator, great climatic frames, unequally rich in possibilities, unequally favorable to different human races, unequally fitted for human development but impossibilities is never possible. even for the races best adapted to them still possibilities are often found to be upset by perverted & s- hear will of man.

→ The determinist thesis says that the basic constitutive group of forces which act directly on man which with sovereign decision & decisive powers which govern every manifestation of its activity. From simplest to most imp. & most complicated.

→ what really happens in these frames, species in those which are richer in possibilities is that, these possibilities are not all or the other. They lay dormant, to be awakened suddenly according to nature & initiative of the occupiers.

→ These possibilities of action don't constitute any sort of connected system. They don't represent in each region, or they are graspable. They are not graspable all men at once, with the same force at the same time to change in the value of the elements have the most varied destiny & it is human activity which goes on the game. The possibilities show with great precision that society intervenes, practices being & looks like bet' nature & man, that man's utilization of possibilities & its exploitation of environment is not hampered. as some people opt to remain vegetarians.

→ Nourishment is eaten by savages without care into choice these are pro habitation, excretion, taste etc. But the society control is way ^{not} doubt, not exercised in its full vigour.