

**Direction for Questions No. (1-5)**

**Read the passage and answer the questions that follow. Your answers should be based on the passage only.**

In May 1966, the World Health Organisation was authorised to initiate a global campaign to eradicate small-pox. The goal was to eradicate the disease in one decade. Because similar projects for malaria and yellow fever had failed, few believed that small-pox could actually be eradicated, but eleven years after the initial organisation of the campaign, no cases were reported in the field.

The strategy was not only to provide mass vaccination, but also to isolate patients with active small-pox in order to contain the spread of the disease and to break the chain of human transmission. Rewards for reporting small-pox assisted in motivating the public to aid health workers. One by one, each small-pox victim was sought out, removed from contact with others and treated. At the same time, the entire village where the victim had lived was vaccinated.

Today small-pox is no longer a threat to humanity, routine vaccination have been stopped worldwide.

1. Which of the following is the best title for the passage ?
  - (a) The World Health Organisation
  - (b) The Eradication of Small-pox
  - (c) Small-pox Vaccinations
  - (d) Infectious Diseases
2. What was the goal of the campaign against Small-pox ?
  - (a) To decrease the spread of small-pox worldwide.
  - (b) To eliminate small-pox worldwide in ten years.
  - (c) To provide mass vaccinations against small-pox worldwide.
  - (d) To initiate worldwide projects for small-pox, malaria and yellow fever at the same time.
3. According to the paragraph what was the strategy used to eliminate the spread of small-pox ?
  - (a) Vaccination of the entire village.
  - (b) Treatment of individual victims.
  - (c) Isolation of victims and mass vaccinations.
  - (d) Extensive reporting of outbreaks.
4. Which statement doesn't refer to small-pox?
  - (a) Previous projects had failed.
  - (b) People are no longer vaccinated for it.
  - (c) The World Health Organisation mounted a world wide campaign to eradicate the disease.
  - (d) It was a serious threat.
5. It can be inferred that :
  - (a) No new cases of small-pox have been reported this year.
  - (b) Malaria and yellow fever have been eliminated.
  - (c) Small-pox victims no longer die when they contract the disease.
  - (d) Small-pox is not transmitted from one person to another.
6. From the given alternatives, choose the one which best expresses the given sentence in Passive voice :